Unsupervised learning: PCA & CA

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Co	nte	nts

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Introduction	
In this practical, we will learn how to use principal components analysis and corre	espondence analysis.
We will use the package ca. For this, you will probably need to install. running the library() functions.	packages("ca") before
<pre>library(ISLR) library(tidyverse) library(ca)</pre>	
Principal components analysis 1. Load the questionnaire dataset and explore it.	
2. Create a data frame with only the questionnaire columns, and standa	ardise the dataset

3. Use the prcomp() function to consider the result as pca_mod.	reate a principal components analysis for the scaled dataset.
many components do we need to	onents successful in explaining variance in the dataset? How o explain 50% of the variation in the dataset?
5. Which original variable is most relevant for the first principal co	related to the first principal component? Which is the least mponent?
6. Create a scatter plot of the first t	wo principal components. Map the sex of the respondents to sex difference?
Correspondence analysis	
original dataset here or in the data/ dire	le on song lyrics for the purpose of this practical. You can find the ectory. If you want to know which preprocessing steps have been take a look at the file data/song_data_preproc.R.
-	Data file, a native file format from $\mathbb R$ which efficiently stores any $\mathbb R$ loads the dataset $\mathtt{songs_ca}$ into your environment.
7. Load the preprocessed songs_c	a dataset into the environment from the data/songs_ca.RData

8.	Use the ca() func	tion from the ca package to create a corresponder	nce analysis object.
9.	•) function on this object. What can you conclude u say about the word "love" in this dataset?	about the first two iner-
10.		plot the biplot that results from the plot() met se the rowcoord and colcoord elements of the c	_
11.	What can you conceptanations for this	clude about Exo and Janis Joplin? Can you come?	e up with reasonable ex-
12.	In which ways wou	ıld the plot be different if we would use different a	rtists?

Final assignment: High-dimensional PCA using SVD

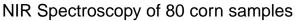
This is an advanced assignment. You will have to figure out how to create PC scores from the output of a singular value decomposition.

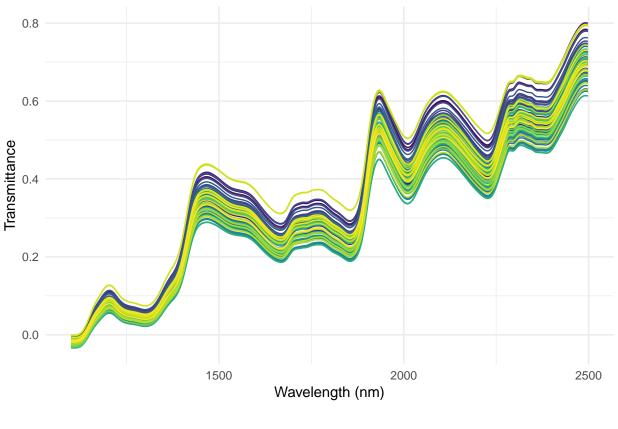
Principal components analysis can also be used to generate a low-dimensional number of features from a high-dimensional (p > n) dataset. One area where high-dimensional data frequently occurs is in chemometrics, assessing the properties of materials using spectroscopy (Wikipedia link).

13. Load the dataset "data/corn.RData" using the function load().

The first four columns contain properties of the corn samples (80 corn samples were analysed) and the remaining 700 columns indicate the measured transmittance at different near-infrared wavelengths. You can find more information about this dataset at the source website.

Here is a plot of wavelength versus transmittance, with one line for each of the 80 corn samples:





14. Use the svd() function to run a principal components analysis on the spectroscopy part of the corn dataset. Save the PC scores and plot the first two principal components. Create four plots, each mapping one of the four properties to the colour aesthetic. Which of the properties relate most to the first two principal components? Base your answer on the plots only. Then, do the same thing for PCs 5 and 6.